MX-28T / MX-28R / MX-28AT / MX-28AR

Parts Photo



[MX-28AT] [MX-28AR]

- **X Control Table's Compliance replaced by PID.**
- * The control table's order for PID has changed to DIP from this version onwards. Please make reference of this change.
- **X** Although the MX-28AT (TTL) and MX-28AR (RS-485) differ in communications protocols both have the same features and perform equally. (TTL uses 3-pin connectors while RS-485 uses 4)

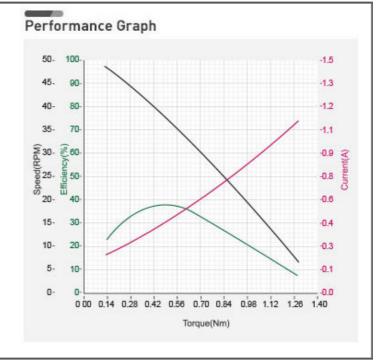
Note: For MX-28 (2.0) Firmware, please refer to the MX-28 (2.0) Control table as they are different.

H/W Specification

- MCU: ST CORTEX-M3 (STM32F103C8 @ 72MHZ,32BIT)
- POSITION SENSOR: Contactless absolute encoder (12BIT,360 DEGREE)
 - Maker: ams (www.ams.com), Part No: AS5045
- MOTOR: Maxon
- BAUD RATE: 8000 bps ~ 4.5 Mbps
 CONTROL ALGORITHM: PID CONTROL
- Resolution : 0.088°Running Degree
 - o 0° ~ 360°
 - Endless Turn
- Weight: 77g
- Dimension: 35.6mm x 50.6mm x 35.5mm
- Gear Reduction Ratio: 193:1
- Stall Torque
 - o 2.3N.m (at 11.1V, 1.3A),
 - 2.5N.m (at 12V, 1.4A)
 - o 3.1N.m (at 14.8V, 1.7A)

- · No load speed
 - o 50rpm (at 11.1V)
 - o 55rpm (at 12V)
 - o 67rpm (at 14.8V)
- Running Temperature : -5°C ~ +80°C
- Voltage: 10 ~ 14.8V (Recommended Voltage 12V)
- · Command Signal: Digital Packet
- Protocol Type
 - MX-28T / MX-28AT (Half duplex Asynchronous Serial Communication (8bit,1stop, No Parity))
 - MX-28R / MX-28AR (RS485 Asynchronous Serial Communication (8bit,1stop, No Parity))
- Link (Physical)
 - MX-28T / MX-28AT (TTL Level Multi Drop Bus)
 - MX-28R / MX-28AR (RS485 Multi Drop Bus)
- ID: 254 ID (0~253)
- Feedback: Position, Temperature, Load, Input Voltage, etc.
- Material : Full Metal Gear
 - MX-28AR / MX-28AT (Metal Body(Front), Engineering Plastic Body(Middle, Back))
 - MX-28R / MX-28T (Engineering Plastic Body(Front, Middle, Back))
- Standby current: 100 mA

	Unit	Data
Weight	g	77
Dimension	mm	35.6 x 50.6 x 35.5
Gear Ratio	type/material	193:1 (Spur/Metal)
Network	-	TTL / RS-485
Position Sensor (resolution)	-	Contactless Absolute Encoder (360°/ 4096)
Motor	-	Maxon Motor
Operation Voltage	٧	10~14.8
Stall Torque	N.m	2.5 at 12V
Stall Current	А	1.4 at 12V
No Load Speed	RPM	55 at 12V



Stall torque : Peak stall torque read from transient state

Performance graph (N-T Curve): A graph shows torque measured in stable condition while increasing load *Normally, stall torque is bigger than maximum torque on performance graph.

Precautions when connecting to power supply!

- $\hbox{- For the stable power supply, we recommend using ROBOTIS controller or SMPS2Dynamixel.} \\$
- Connect your DYNAMIXEL to power supply while it's off and turn on/off with the power switch.

Control Table

Area	Address (Hexadecimal)	Name	Description	Access	Initial Value (Hexadecimal)
	0 (0X00)	Model Number(L)	Lowest byte of model number	R	29 (0X1D)
	1 (0X01)	Model Number(H)	Highest byte of model number	R	0 (0X00)
	2 (0X02)	Version of Firmware	Information on the version of firmware	R	-
	3 (0X03)	ID	ID of Dynamixel	RW	1 (0X01)
	4 (0X04)	Baud Rate	Baud Rate of Dynamixel	RW	34 (0X22)
	5 (0X05)	Return Delay Time	Return Delay Time	RW	250 (0XFA)
	6 (0X06)	CW Angle Limit(L)	Lowest byte of clockwise Angle Limit	RW	0 (0X00)
	7 (0X07)	CW Angle Limit(H)	Highest byte of clockwise Angle Limit	RW	0 (0X00)
E	8 (0X08)	CCW Angle Limit(L)	Lowest byte of counterclockwise Angle Limit	RW	255 (0XFF)
E P	9 (0X09)	CCW Angle Limit(H)	Highest byte of counterclockwise Angle Limit	RW	15 (0X0F)
R	11 (0X0B)	the Highest Limit Temperature	Internal Limit Temperature	RW	80 (0X50)
М	12 (0X0C)	the Lowest Limit Voltage	Lowest Limit Voltage	RW	60 (0X3C)
	13 (0X0D)	the Highest Limit Voltage	Highest Limit Voltage	RW	160 (0XA0)
	14 (0X0E)	Max Torque(L)	Lowest byte of Max. Torque	RW	255 (0XFF)
	15 (0X0F)	Max Torque(H)	Highest byte of Max. Torque	RW	3 (0X03)
	16 (0X10)	Status Return Level	Status Return Level	RW	2 (0X02)
	17 (0X11)	Alarm LED	LED for Alarm	RW	36 (0X24)
	18 (0X12)	Alarm Shutdown	Shutdown for Alarm	RW	36 (0X24)
	20 (0X14)	Multi Turn Offset(L)	multi-turn offset least significant byte (LSB)	RW	0 (0X00)
	21 (0X15)	Multi Turn Offset(H)	multi-turn offset most significant byte (MSB)	RW	0 (0X00)
	22 (0X16)	Resolution Divider	Resolution divider	RW	1 (0X01)
R	24 (0X18)	Torque Enable	Torque On/Off	RW	0 (0X00)
Α	25 (0X19)	LED	LED On/Off	RW	0 (0X00)
М	26 (0X1A)	D Gain	Derivative Gain	RW	0 (0X00)
	27 (0X1B)	I Gain	Integral Gain	RW	0 (0X00)
	28 (0X1C)	P Gain	Proportional Gain	RW	32 (0X20)
	30 (0X1E)	Goal Position(L)	Lowest byte of Goal Position	RW	-
	31 (0X1F)	Goal Position(H)	Highest byte of Goal Position	RW	-
	32 (0X20)	Moving Speed(L)	Lowest byte of Moving Speed (Moving Velocity)	RW	-
	33 (0X21)	Moving Speed(H)	Highest byte of Moving Speed (Moving Velocity)	RW	-
	34 (0X22)	Torque Limit(L)	Lowest byte of Torque Limit (Goal Torque)	RW	ADD14
	35 (0X23)	Torque Limit(H)	Highest byte of Torque Limit (Goal Torque)	RW	ADD15
	36 (0X24)	Present Position(L)	Lowest byte of Current Position (Present Velocity)	R	-
	37 (0X25)	Present Position(H)	Highest byte of Current Position (Present Velocity)	R	-
	38 (0X26)	Present Speed(L)	Lowest byte of Current Speed	R	-
	39 (0X27)	Present Speed(H)	Highest byte of Current Speed	R	-
	40 (0X28)	Present Load(L)	Lowest byte of Current Load	R	-
	41 (0X29)	Present Load(H)	Highest byte of Current Load	R	-
	42 (0X2A)	Present Voltage	Current Voltage	R	-
	43 (0X2B)	Present Temperature	Current Temperature	R	-
	44 (0X2C)	Registered	Means if Instruction is registered	R	0 (0X00)

46 (0X2E)	Moving	Means if there is any movement	R	0 (0X00)
47 (0X2F)	Lock	Locking EEPROM	RW	0 (0X00)
48 (0X30)	Punch(L)	Lowest byte of Punch	RW	0 (0X00)
49 (0X31)	Punch(H)	Highest byte of Punch	RW	0 (0X00)
73 (0X49)	Goal Acceleration	Goal Acceleration	RW	0 (0X00)

Address Function Help

EEPROM Area

Model Number

It represents the Model Number.

Firmware Version

It represents the firmware version.

ID

It is a unique number to identify Dynamixel.

The range from 0 to 252 (0xFC) can be used, and, especially, 254(0xFE) is used as the Broadcast ID. If the Broadcast ID is used to transmit Instruction Packet, we can command to all Dynamixels.

Please be cautious not to have the same IDs for the connected dynamixels. You may face communication issues or may not be able to search when IDs overlap.

Baud Rate

It is the baud rate to communicate with controller. It is available in between 0~254(0XFE).

If the data value is in between $0\sim249$:

Baudrate(BPS) = 2000000 / (Data + 1)

Data	Set BPS	Target BPS	Tolerance
1	1000000.0	1000000.0	0.000 %
3	500000.0	500000.0	0.000 %
4	400000.0	400000.0	0.000 %
7	250000.0	250000.0	0.000 %
9	200000.0	200000.0	0.000 %
16	117647.1	115200.0	-2.124 %
34	57142.9	57600.0	0.794 %
103	19230.8	19200.0	-0.160 %
207	9615.4	9600.0	-0.160 %

If the date value is over the 250:

Data	Set BPS	Target BPS	Tolerance
250	2250000.0	2250000.0	0.000 %
251	2500000.0	2500000.0	0.000 %
252	3000000.0	3000000.0	0.000 %

Note: Maximum Baud Rate error of 3% is within the tolerance of UART communication.

Return Delay Time

It is the delay time per data value that takes from the transmission of Instruction Packet until the return of Status Packet.

0 to 254 (0xFE) can be used, and the delay time per data value is 2 usec.

That is to say, if the data value is 10, 20 usec is delayed. The initial value is 250 (0xFA) (i.e., 0.5 msec).

CW/CCW Angle Limit

Sets allowable position values (angles) for Goal Position (address 30 & 31)

- CW Angle Limit: Goal Position(Address 30, 31) minimum value
- CCW Angle Limit: Goal Position(Address 30, 31) maximum value

The following sets 2 modes operation based on CW and CCW values

Operation Type	CW / CCW
Wheel Mode	both are 0
Joint Mode	neither at 0
Multi-turn Mode	both are 4095

Wheel mode allows the motor can have limitless revolutions.

Joint mode allows robot with multiple joints

Multi-turn mode allows joints have range of controllable position values from -28672 to 28672.

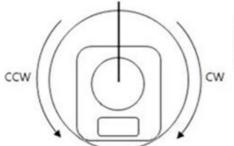
Multi Turn Offset

Adjusts position (zeroing). This value gets included in Present Position (36).

Present position + multi-turn offset.

Initial value is 0 and range is from -24576 to 24576

A Dynamixel with a position of 2048 with an applied offset of 1024 outputs a Present position of 3072.



- 1. Real Position = 2048
- Multi Turn Offset = 1024
- 3. Present Position = 3072

Note: This feature is only applied in multi-turn mode and ignored in other modes.

Resolution Divider

It allows the user to change Dynamixel's resolution.

The default Resolution Divider Value is set as 1. (1 ~ 4 available)

When resolution is lowered, revolutions (in both directions) can be increased (up to 28 turns in each direction).

Present Position = Real Position / Resolution Divider

For example, a Real Position of 2048 with a Resolution Divider set as 2 will yield a Present Position value of 1024 (2048/2 = 1024). A

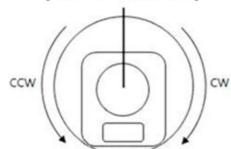
Dynamixel with Resolution Divider set as 2 will have a resolution 2048 for a single revolution.

The Present Position can be obtained while Multi-turn Offset and Resolution Divider are taken into account.

Present position = (Real Position / Resolution Divider) + Multi-turn Offset

For example, a Dynamixel with a Real Position of 2048 with a Resolution Divider set as 4 and Multi-turn Offset as 1024 will yield a Present Position of 1535 ((2048/4) + 1024 = 1535).

[Real Position = 2048]



- 1. Real Position = 2048
- 2. Multi Turn Offset = 1024
- 3. Resolution Divider = 4
- CW 4. Present Position = 1536

Note: This feature is only applied in multi-turn mode and ignored in other modes

The Highest Limit Temperature

Caution: Do not set the temperature lower/higher than the default value.

When the temperature alarm shutdown occurs, wait 20 minutes to cool the temperature before reuse.

Using the product when the temperature is high may and can cause damage.

The Lowest (Highest) Limit Voltage

It is the operation range of voltage.

50 to 160 (0x32 \sim 0xA0) can be used. The unit is 0.1V.

For example, if the value is 80, it is 8V.

If Present Voltage (Address42) is out of the range, Voltage Range Error Bit (Bit0) of Status Packet is returned as '1' and Alarm is triggered as set in the addresses 17 and 18.

Max Torque

It is the torque value of maximum output. 0 to 1023 (0x3FF) can be used, and the unit is about 0.1%.

For example, Data 1023 (0x3FF) means that Dynamixel will use 100% of the maximum torque it can produce while Data 512 (0x200) means that Dynamixel will use 50% of the maximum torque. When the power is turned on, Torque Limit (Addresses 34 and 35) uses the value as the initial value.

Status Return Level

It decides how to return Status Packet. There are three ways like the below table.

Value	Return of Status Packet	
0	No return against all commands (Except PING Command)	
1	Return only for the READ command	
2	Return for all commands	

When Instruction Packet is Broadcast ID, Status Packet is not returned regardless of Status Return Level.

Alarm LED

Alarm Shutdown

Dynamixel can protect itself by detecting errors occur during the operation.

The errors can be set are as the table below.

Bit	Name	Contents
Bit 7	0	-
Bit 6	Instruction Error	When undefined Instruction is transmitted or the Action command is delivered without the reg_write command
Bit 5	Overload Error	When the current load cannot be controlled with the set maximum torque

Bit 4	CheckSum Error	When the Checksum of the transmitted Instruction Packet is invalid	
Bit 3	Range Error	When the command is given beyond the range of usage	
Bit 2	OverHeating Error	When the internal temperature is out of the range of operating temperature set in the Control Table	
Bit 1	Angle Limit Error	When Goal Position is written with the value that is not between CW Angle Limit and CCW Angle Limit	
Bit 0	Input Voltage Error	When the applied voltage is out of the range of operating voltage set in the Control Table	

It is possible to make duplicate set since the function of each bit is run by the logic of 'OR'. That is, if 0X05 (binary 00000101) is set, both Input Voltage Error and Overheating Error can be detected.

If errors occur, in case of Alarm LED, the LED blinks; in case of Alarm Shutdown, the motor output becomes 0 % by making the value of Torque Limit(Address 34, 35) as 0.

RAM Area

Torque Enable

Value	Meaning	
0	Keeps Torque from generating by interrupting the power of motor.	
1	Generates Torque by impressing the power to the motor.	

LED

Bit	Meaning
0	Turn OFF the LED
1	Turn ON the LED

PID Gain

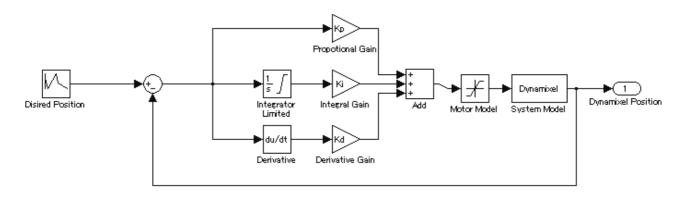
MX series will use the PID controller as a main control method.

P gain refers to the value of proportional band.

I gain refers to the value of integral action.

D Gain refers to the value of derivative action.

Gains values are in between 0~254.



$$K_p = P Gain / 8$$

$$K_d = D Gain + 4 / 1000$$

X The relationship between Compliance Slop and PID

Slope	P Gain
8	128
16	64

32	32
64	16
128	8

The less the P gain, The larger the back lash, and the weaker the amount of output near goal position.

At some extent, it is like a combined concept of margine and slope.

It does not exactly match the previous concept of compliance. So it is obvious if you see the difference in terms of motion.

X Explanation for PID required.

For the brief explanation about general PID, please refer to the website(link) below.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/PID_controller

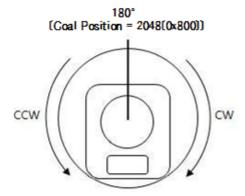
FYI, PID control theory is not only limited to the control of motor(actuator) but is a generic theory that can be applied to all kinds of control.

Goal Position

It is a position value of destination.

0 to 4095 (0xFFF) is available. The unit is 0.088 degree.

If Goal Position is out of the range, Angle Limit Error Bit (Bit1) of Status Packet is returned as '1' and Alarm is triggered as set in Alarm LED/Shutdown.



Moving Speed

• Join Mode, Multi-Turn mode

It is a moving speed to Goal Position.

0~1023 (0X3FF) can be used, and the unit is about 0.114rpm.

If it is set to 0, it means the maximum rpm of the motor is used without controlling the speed.

If it is 1023, it is about 117.07rpm.

For example, if it is set to 300, it is about 34.33 rpm.

• Wheel Mode

It is a moving speed to Goal direction.

 $0\sim2047$ (0X7FF) can be used, and the unit is about 0.114rpm.

If a value in the range of 0~1023 is used, it is stopped by setting to 0 while rotating to CCW direction.

If a value in the range of 1024~2047 is used, it is stopped by setting to 1024 while rotating to CW direction.

That is, the 10th bit becomes the direction bit to control the direction.

Note: This mode allows to check max rpm. Any values set higher than max rpm will not take effect.

Torque Limit

It is the value of the maximum torque limit.

0 to 1023 (0x3FF) is available, and the unit is about 0.1%.

For example, if the value is 512, it is about 50%; that means only 50% of the maximum torque will be used.

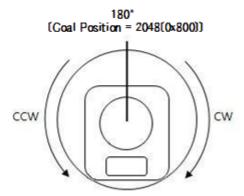
If the power is turned on, the value of Max Torque (Address 14, 15) is used as the initial value.

Notes: If the function of Alarm Shutdown is triggered, the motor loses its torque because the value becomes 0. At this moment, if the value is changed to the value other than 0, the motor can be used again.

Present Position

It is the current position value of Dynamixel.

The range of the value is 0~4095 (0xFFF), and the unit is 0.088 degree.



In multi-turn mode range is from -28672 to 28672 with unit values dependent on Resolution Divider (0.088 * Resolution Divider)

Note: in multi-turn mode Present position depends on resolution divider and multi-turn offset For more information turn to the section on Multi Turn offset and Resolution Divider

Present Speed

Is the current moving speed.

0~2047 (0x000~0X7FF) can be used.

If a value is in the rage of 0~1023 then the motor rotates to the CCW direction.

If a value is in the rage of 1024~2047 then the motor rotates to the CW direction.

The 10th bit becomes the direction bit to control the direction; 0 and 1024 are equal.

The value unit is about 0.11rpm.

For example, if it is set to 300 then the motor is moving to the CCW direction at a rate of about 34.33rpm.

Present Load

It means currently applied load.

The range of the value is $0\sim2047$, and the unit is about 0.1%.

If the value is 0~1023, it means the load works to the CCW direction.

If the value is 1024~2047, it means the load works to the CW direction.

That is, the 10th bit becomes the direction bit to control the direction, and 1024 is equal to 0.

For example, the value is 512, it means the load is detected in the direction of CCW about 50% of the maximum torque.

BIT	15~11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Value	0	Load Direction	Data (Load Ratio)									

Load Direction = 0 : CCW Load, Load Direction = 1: CW Load

Notes: Present load is an inferred value based on the internal output value; not a measured value using torque sensor, etc. Therefore, it may be inaccurate for measuring weight or torque. It is recommended to use it for predicting the direction and size of the force being applied to the joint.

Present Voltage

It is the size of the current voltage supplied.

This value is 10 times larger than the actual voltage. For example, when 10V is supplied, the data value is 100 (0x64)

Present Temperature

It is the internal temperature of Dynamixel in Celsius.

Data value is identical to the actual temperature in Celsius. For example, if the data value is 85 (0x55), the current internal temperature is 85° C.

Registered Instruction

Value	Meaning
0	There are no commands transmitted by REG_WRITE
1	There are commands transmitted by REG_WRITE.

Notes: If ACTION command is executed, the value is changed into 0.

Moving

Value	Meaning
0	Goal position command execution is completed.
1	Goal position command execution is in progress.

Lock

Value	Meaning	
0	EEPROM area can be modified.	
1	EEPROM area cannot be modified.	

Caution: If Lock is set to 1, the power must be turned off and then turned on again to change into 0.

Punch

Current to drive motor is at minimum.

Can choose vales from 0x00 to 0x3FF.

Goal Acceleration

This is Goal Acceleration value.

It can be used from 0~254(0XFE), and the unit is approximately 8.583 Degree / sec^2.

When it is set to 0, there is no control over acceleration and moves with the maximum acceleration of the motor.

When the goal speead is set to 0, there is no control over acceleration and moves with the maximum acceleration of the motor.

When it is set to 254, it becomes 2180 Degree / sec^2

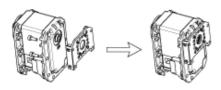
For example, the current speed of Dynamixel is 0, and Goal acceleration is 10,

The speed of Dynamixel after 1 second will be 14.3 RPM.

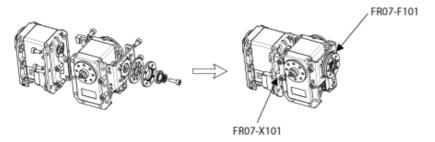
Option Frame

The types of MX-28 option frame are as follows.

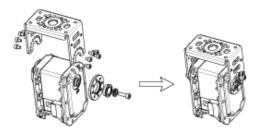
FR07-B101



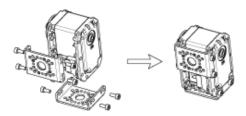
FR07-F101_FR07-X101



FR07-H101



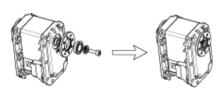
FR07-S101



Horn

The types of MX-28 Horns are as follows.

HN07-I101

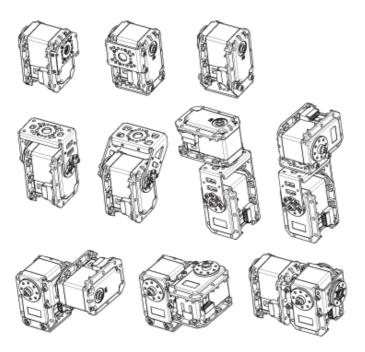


HN07-N101



Combination

The following example shows the combination structure of option frames and horns.



Dimension

Drawing Information: DOWNLOAD MX-28AT_AR.pdf

Frame Compatibility Guide(LINK)

Videos

HOW TO REPLACE GEARS

[ROBOTIS] FAQ-DYNAMIXEL Gear Replacement (MX 28)-ENG

